

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. Identification

Product identifier ETHYL ALCOHOL CDA-19 190PF NAT NATURAL MTL

Other means of identification None.

Recommended use ALL PROPER AND LEGAL PURPOSES

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name

Address

Brenntag Northeast, Inc.
81 West Huller Lane
Reading, PA 19605

Telephone610-219-4151E-mailNot available.

Emergency phone number 800-424-9300 Chemtrec

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 3 Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Reproductive toxicity (fertility) Category 2 **Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazaro

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 2

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause

genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective

clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off

immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Rinse mouth. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect

spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Supplemental information

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

0.42% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 4.23% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 4.23% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
ETHANOL		64-17-5	90.478
2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL-		108-10-1	3.81
HEXANE		110-54-3	0.4358
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT		64742-49-0	0.1494
BENZENE, METHYL-		108-88-3	0.08
CYCLOHEXANE		110-82-7	0.0166
Other components below reportable levels	s		5.0303

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

blurred vision. Coughing.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Headache. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and

Ingestion Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed Indication of immediate

medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Flammable liquid and vapor.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)				
Components	Туре	Value		
2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)	PEL	410 mg/m3		
,		100 ppm		

Components	Туре		Va	ue
CYCLOHEXANE (CAS 110-82-7)	PEL		105	50 mg/m3
· ·				) ppm
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)	PEL			00 mg/m3
				00 ppm
HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL			00 mg/m3
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.10	וחו		500	) ppm
Components	Туре		Va	ue
BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceilin	9	300	) ppm
100-00-3)	TWA		200	) ppm
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values				P.F.
Components	Туре		Va	ue
2-PENTANONE,	STEL		75	ppm
4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)				
	TWA			ppm
BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA		20	ppm
CYCLOHEXANE (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA		100	) ppm
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL		100	00 ppm
HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA			ppm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemica	l Hazards			
Components	Туре		Va	ue
2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)	STEL		300	) mg/m3
			75	ppm
	TWA		205	5 mg/m3
				ppm
BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL			) mg/m3
				) ppm
	TWA			5 mg/m3
OVOLOUEVANE (OAO	T1 6 / A			) ppm
CYCLOHEXANE (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA			50 mg/m3
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA			) ppm 00 mg/m3
ETTANOL (CAS 04-17-3)	IVVA			00 mg/ms 00 ppm
HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA			) mg/m3
(				ppm
ogical limit values				
ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices				
Components Value		Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
2-PENTANONE, 1 mg/l		Methyl isobutyl ketone	Urine	*
		ROTOTIO		
4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 0.3 mg/g		o-Cresol, with	Creatinine in	*
4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 0.3 mg/g 108-88-3) 0.03 mg/l		o-Cresol, with hydrolysis Toluene	Creatinine in urine Urine	*

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices** 

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio n, without hydrolysis	Urine	*

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

#### **Exposure guidelines**

US - California OELs: Skin designation

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation** 

HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear suitable protective clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Not available.
Odor Not available.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -170.97 °F (-112.76 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 177.74 °F (80.97 °C) estimated

range

Flash point 80.3 °F (26.8 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 7.2 % estimated

(%)

6)

Flammability limit - upper 11.4 % estimated (%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 73.79 hPa estimated

Not available. Vapor density Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water) Not available. Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

690.23 °F (365.68 °C) estimated Auto-ignition temperature

Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** 

Other information

6.58 lbs/gal estimated Density Flammable IC estimated Flammability class Percent volatile 99.15 % estimated Specific gravity 0.79 estimated 94.38 % estimated VOC (Weight %)

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Strong oxidizing agents. Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Inhalation

Skin contact No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.

Causes serious eye irritation. Eye contact

Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and

blurred vision. Coughing.

Information on toxicological effects

Harmful if swallowed Acute toxicity

Components **Species Test Results** 

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 16000 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 8.2 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 2080 mg/kg

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

**Acute** Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 12124 mg/kg

14.1 ml/kg

Material name: ETHYL ALCOHOL CDA-19 190PF NAT NATURAL MTL

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Components	Species	Test Results
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	5320 ppm, 8 Hours
		400 ppm, 24 Hours
	Rat	26700 ppm, 1 Hours
		12200 ppm, 2 Hours
		8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	2.6 g/kg
CYCLOHEXANE (CAS 110-82-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
NOEL	Monkey	1243 ppm, 6 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	1300 mg/kg
	Rat	29820 mg/kg
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	39 mg/l, 4 Hours
	Rat	20000 ppm, 10 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Dog	5.5 g/kg
	Guinea pig	5.6 g/kg
	Mouse	3450 mg/kg
	Rat	6.2 g/kg
HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	48000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral	D 4	0.4
LD50	Rat	24 mg/kg
	Wistar rat	49 mg/kg

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - No

Not classified.

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
2-PENTANONE, 4-METHY	L- (CAS 108-10-1)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	492 - 593 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS	3 108-88-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours
CYCLOHEXANE (CAS 110	-82-7)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	23.03 - 42.07 mg/l, 96 hours
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	7.7 - 11.2 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)			
Aquatic			

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Fish

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL-	1.31
BENZENE, METHYL-	2.73
CYCLOHEXANE	3.44
ETHANOL	-0.31
HEXANE	3.9

LC50

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions**Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

Material name: ETHYL ALCOHOL CDA-19 190PF NAT NATURAL MTL

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# 14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1170

UN proper shipping name ETHANOL SOLUTIONS

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

ERG number 127

DOT information on packaging may be different from that listed.

DOT



General information IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

# 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910,1200.

One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)** 

 2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)
 Listed.

 BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)
 Listed.

 CYCLOHEXANE (CAS 110-82-7)
 Listed.

 HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)
 Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical nameCAS number% by wt.2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL-108-10-13.81

#### Other federal regulations

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and **Chemical Code Number**

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) 6715 BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

#### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) 35 %WV BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

6715 2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) 594

#### US state regulations

### US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

### US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT (CAS 64742-49-0)

### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

CYCLOHEXANE (CAS 110-82-7)

ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)

HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)

### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

CYCLOHEXANE (CAS 110-82-7)

ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)

HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)

# US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

CYCLOHEXANE (CAS 110-82-7)

ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)

HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)

### US. Rhode Island RTK

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

CYCLOHEXANE (CAS 110-82-7)

HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: November 4, 2011

# US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: March 28, 2014 BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991 US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

#### International Inventories

On inventory (yes/no)\* Country(s) or region Inventory name Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) Australia

Listed: August 7, 2009

No

Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Еигоре	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Еигоре	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No

New ZealandNew Zealand InventoryNoPhilippinesPhilippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical SubstancesNo

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Inventory name

Issue date 05-04-2015

Version # 01

Country(s) or region

HMIS® ratings Health: 2\*

Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Disclaimer BNA cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products

of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written

based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

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On inventory (yes/no)\*

No

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).